

# The Adams Sentinel

A Family Journal--Devoted to Foreign and Domestic News, Politics, Literature, Agriculture, Education, Morality, Science and Art; Amusement, Advertising, &c. &c.

At \$3.00 per annum, in advance—  
Or \$3.32, if paid within the year.

ROBERT G. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Advertisements \$1 per square, for 2 weeks.  
25 cents per square for each continuation.

"RESIST WITH CARE THE SPIRIT OF INNOVATION UPON THE PRINCIPLES OF YOUR GOVERNMENT, HOWEVER SPICIOUS THE PRETEXT."—Washington.

VOL. LIII.

NO. 39.

## Choice Poetry.

### THE MEMORY OF THE PAST.

I love the Memory of the Past,  
Or childhood's trusting time;  
Before my heart had felt one pang,  
Or known the blight of tears—  
Before on life's fair page was writ  
That line of withering stain,  
Which bade me start from youth's pure bliss  
To sorrows—not dream again.

I love the Memory of the Past,  
When, gay and free from care,  
I knelt beside a parent's knee,  
Laying up childhood's prayer,  
Or looking in the bairn's blushing eyes,  
As bright as mountain spurs—  
I hunted sickly mountain days  
With joy's imaginings.

I love the Memory of the Past,  
It often brings again  
The taste of a soft love gone,  
As in one golden strain  
Was wasted from that sunless land—  
The land of life's above—  
With the purged heart and vengeful tongue  
Never blent the dreams of love.

I love the Memory of the Past,  
It comes in midnight hours,  
Revealing those so fondly loved  
When earth seemed but flowers.  
It opens up full many a grave,  
And stirs with hallowed beams  
Full many a sweet now loitering bairn  
From the spirit land of dreams.

I love the Memory of the Past,  
It wakes a long time late  
Of yore I passed in trusting hours,  
In hours—how dreary hours—  
Before life's fair page was writ  
That line of withering stain,  
Which bade me start from youth's pure bliss  
To sorrows—not dream again.

### MY PHILOSOPHY.

Bright things can never die,  
Even though they fade,  
Beauty and mind—  
Both are made:  
What though the sunless day  
Passes at eve now,  
Both not the moon's soft ray  
Saves the night?  
Bright things can never die,  
With my philosophy,  
Philosophy, though he pass by,  
Leaves us the light.

Fond words can never die,  
Cashed in and lost;  
God knows how deep they lie  
Stored in the breast,  
Like childhood's simple rhymes,  
And over a thousand times,  
Are in my heart and clings,  
Distant and near;  
Kind words can never die,  
With my philosophy,  
Deep in the soul they lie,  
God knows how dear.

Childhood can never die—  
Wrecks of the past  
Float on the memory  
Even to the last,  
Many a happy thing—  
Many a damed spring  
Flows on time's ebbing stage,  
Far, far away,  
Childhood can never die,  
With my philosophy,  
Wrecks of our infancy  
Lie on the eye.

Sweet fancies never die,  
They lie behind  
Some suns, Jerry—  
Stored in the mind—  
Some happy thought or dream  
Pur as any, earliest bairn,  
Kissing the gentle stream,  
In the long glen;  
Yet, though these things pass by,  
With my philosophy,  
Bright things can never die,  
Even though they fade.

—All is well with us.

A Cheerful Heart.

I once heard a young lady say to an invalid, "Your countenance to me is like the shining sun; for it always gladdens me with a cheerful look." A merry or cheerful countenance was one of the things which Jeremy Taylor said his enemies and persecutors could not take away from him. There are some persons who spend their time as if shut up in a dungeon, making everything gloomy and forbidding. They go mourning and complaining from day to day that they have so little, and are constantly anxious lest what little they have should escape out of their hands. They look always upon the dark side, and can never enjoy the good that is present, for the evil that is to come. This is not religion. Religion makes the heart cheerful, and when its large and benevolent principles are exercised, men will be happy in spite of themselves.

The industrious bee does not stop to complain that there are so many poisonous flowers and thorny branches in his road, but buzzes on, selecting the honey where he can find it, and passing quietly by the places where it is not. There is enough in this world to complain about and find fault with if men have the disposition. We often travel on with hardness of heart, and fail to praise God for his mercies, when we may walk therein with comfort, and come to the end of the journey in peace.

—There is a certain and definite heart, the memory of which is a burden, and makes me live with the

—The sympathy of a true heart is

### The Society of Ladies.

The following pertinent remarks occur at the close of an article on the dangers of "College Life," from the pen of a New York clergyman, which appeared in the N. York Times:

The society of ladies has done much for me all my life long; and it was the salutary, softening influence of such associations, that with God's blessing, restrained me from many an excess into which I might otherwise have been led while receiving my education. It is a bad sign when young man has no relish for such company. Whatever be a man's station in life, whether higher or lower, public or private, he will become a better man, and escape many a disaster, if he will listen in due season to the voice of the intelligent and the refined among the other sex. Not only do they generally excel us in their wise perception of the proprieties of life, and in their tender sense of duty to both God and man, but they are equally before us in their instinctive faculty of foreseeing evil before it is upon us, and of wisely discerning the character and motives of men.

It was not all a dream which made the wife of Julius Caesar so anxious that he should not go to the Senate Chamber on the fatal Ides of March; and, had he complied with her entreaties, he might have escaped the dagger of Brutus. Dieser followed disaster in the career of Napoleon, from the time that he ceased to feel the balance wheel of Josephine's influence on his impetuous spirit. Our own Washington, when important questions were submitted to him, often said that he should like to carry the subject to his bed-chamber before he had formed his decision; and those who knew the clear judgment and elevated purposes of Mrs. Washington, thought all the better of him for wishing to make her a confidant counselor. Indeed, the great majority of men who have acquired for themselves a good and great name, were not only married men, but happily married—both pained and matched.

—The Enthusiastic Man.

We do love an enthusiastic man. He is always of the nervous-bilious temperament, which is the base of all that is noble, impulsive, or great in the human character. Very good, respectable, quiet sort of people, we have no doubt, there are of other temperaments, but we do not much care for this sort of people. They are very good in their way, and fill certain stations of life admirably; but for companions, we can scarcely conceive anything more tedious. Who struck Billy Patterson?

P. S. Paredes is supposed to be still standing guard over the interfering friend, as he has not been relieved, and his military habits will not allow him to leave his post without orders.—N. O. Pic.

—The Green-Eyed Monster.

One of the sub-editors of the Evansville Journal, gives the following rich scene as having occurred at Cairo:

A German deck-passenger had been harboring the "green-eyed monster" during the entire trip from New Orleans, on account of some little attentions his wife received and seemed to court from a dashing starched-up "Snyder," who, unluckily for the husband, was also a deck passenger. Shortly after the boat's arrival here he was driven to utter desperation at seeing his wife receive and lovingly return the hateful Snyder's kiss. Calling her forward he placed himself upon the chalk of the boat:

"Ah Kathleen, you like her tailor so better as me all der whiles, so mine Cor I drowns myself ter death."

Overboard he plunged! The wife became frantic, and attempted to follow him but was stayed by the passengers. She fell upon her knees, and agonizingly entreated her "Snyder" to come back, but no George appeared; she promised unwavering constancy—increased affection—the spirit of devotion and submission he seemed so anxious she should manifest; but nothing save the ruffled waters gave response. She then shrieked for him again, when up from the water shivering came an answer:

"I'm now so dead as the very tytel, if you kiss ter Snyder once more any time agin; and if you no more kiss him and loves me so good and better you loves him twice, when I comes back myself; I no likes ter dailor, to ged me for his brudder-in-law met me wife."

A wild delirious cry of joy escaped the woman. She promised fidelity upon her bended knee, when slowly from beneath the guards of the boat emerged the half drowned "Snyder." He had managed to gain the cover of the guards without being discovered, and there supported himself above the water by the timbers. It is needless, perhaps, to say, that since then Kathleen has been a most devoted wife, and holds the tailor in utter detestation.

—A New Reading of Shakespeare.

In a country town "down East," a Democratic newspaper was started, depending mainly for its support on the contributions of the "faithful" in that region. Its motto was:

"No, I shall have the fence."

Not at all discomposed, Mr. F., said,

"Well, neighbor, then I will leave it to you whom the fence belongs to, whether to you or myself."

Struck dumb by this appeal, the wrathful man turned away, "convicted of his own conscience," saying, "I won't have anything to do with a man that won't contend for his rights."

—A dashing and fashionable widow in town says the thinks of saving some gentle-

man for a breach of promise, in some order that the world may know that she is now in the market.

—The sympathy of a true heart is

worth possessing.

—If the speculator misses his aim,

everybody cries out, "he's a fool," and sometimes "he's a rogue." If he succeeds,

they besiege his door and demand his daughter in marriage.

—The dignity of a young lady of fifteen

years is very remarkable. She then begins

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lukewarm who addresses her as a little

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GETTYSBURG, PA., MONDAY, AUGUST 1, 1853.

### Finale to a Duel.

At a late hour on Thursday night last, two of our young fire-eating bulls entered one of the fashionable saloons in St. Charles street, in a state which indicated considerable fatigue, supposed to be caused by carrying too large a brick in their respective bats—in point of fact as Macawber would say, they were decidedly inebriated. After indulging once or twice more, they commenced bawling wit, which gradually grew personal, and finally some very insulting language was used by one of the parties, which fired the blood of the other, previously sufficiently heated by liquor, and a challenge was immediately given and promptly accepted. Cabs were called, and the belligerent young gentlemen entered different vehicles and ordered the drivers to proceed at once to "The Oaks," a locality which has acquired a bloody distinction from the number of duels which have been fought there. They steadily refused to allow any of their friends to accompany them, or admit of their interference for the purpose of effecting a reconciliation; and one of the party, familiarly known as "Paredes," who was gravely drunk, was requested to stand guard over another who wished to interfere, which he promised to do.

On arriving at "The Oaks," the cabmen were very much astonished to find the two dulists wrapped in the arms of Morphine! With some difficulty they were awakened, and recognizing the locality and each other, they both looked somewhat surprised, having entirely forgotten both the quarrel and the intended fight. One of them finally broke out with: "Why, A, what are you doing here?" A looked confused for a moment, and answered, "I recollect now that some fellow grossly insulted me, but I can't remember who he was—However, I know I challenged him, and I suppose he will be here soon." The other immediately professed his services as second, and swore he would stand by his friend through thick and thin. They both embraced, with tears of affection in their eyes, and sat down on the damp grass to wait for the arrival of their antagonist.

After remaining there until near day-break, and anathematizing the cowardly coundrel who had insulted one and disappointed both, they entered their respective cabs and returned to the city. They were seen breakfasting together the next morning at a restaurant, rowing to dislodge every bone in the body of the man who had played them such a contemptible trick, if they could only find him.

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**A Daguerreotype for 50 Cents,**  
CAN be had at **WEAVER GALLERY**,  
in Chambersburg street. Pictures taken  
in all kinds of weather, and will be put up at  
this Gallery in all the different styles of the  
day, at prices varying from 50 cents to \$5. Now  
is the time for obtaining the cheapest  
likenesses ever offered in this place. Persons  
will find it to their advantage to call soon  
while the opportunity is before them, and in  
order to secure a satisfactory likeness, subjects  
are requested to wear dark apparel. Gentlemen  
should wear black, with black vest and  
cravat, and ladies should avoid dresses of pink  
and blue. Plaid and contrasting colors are  
very suitable for children.

Return my sincere thanks to my numerous  
friends for their past favor, and solicit a con-  
tinuance of the same, hoping by strict atten-  
tion to business to satisfy the tastes of all who  
may visit my gallery.

SAMUEL WEAVER.

May 2.

**LEE & RINGLAND'S**  
(Late Church, Lee & Ringland's)

**LUMBER YARD**

**STEAM SAW-MILL,**  
ON THE YORK AND CUMBERLAND RAIL-ROAD,  
NEW CUMBERLAND, PA.

A large supply of all kinds of Lumber  
always on hand, wholesale and retail. Bills  
served to order at the shortest notice.

N. B. Lumber can be delivered by us at any  
point on the Cumberland Valley Rail Road,  
Hanover, York, Baltimore, and intermediate  
places. May 30.

9a

**PROCLAMATION.**

WHEREAS the Hon. ROBERT J. FISHER,  
President of the several Courts of Common  
Pleas, in the Counties composing the 19th  
District, and Justice of the Courts of Oyer and  
Termination, and General Jail Delivery, for the  
trial of all capital and other offenders in the  
said district, and S. MELVILLE, R. RUSSELL and JONES  
M'GREGOR, Esqrs., Judges of the Courts of Common  
Pleas, and Justices of the Courts of Oyer and  
Termination, and General Jail Delivery, for the  
trial of all capital and other offenders in the  
County of Adams—the 26th day of April, in  
the year of our Lord one thousand, eight hundred  
and fifty-three, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas, and General  
Jail Delivery, and Court of Oyer and Termination,  
at Gettysburg, on **Monday the 15th of August**  
next—

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, to all the  
Justices of the Peace, the Coroner and Constables  
within the said County of Adams, that they be  
then and there in their proper persons,  
with their Rolls, Records, Inquisitions, Exam-  
inations, and other Remembrances, to do those  
things which to their offices and in that behalf  
appertain to be done, and also, they who will  
prosecute against the prisoners that are or  
shall be in the Jail of the said County of  
Adams, are to be there and there to prosecute  
against them as shall be just.

JOHN SCOTT, Sheriff.

July 4, 1852.

IN the matter of the intended application  
of JEREMIAH JOHNS for License to  
keep a Public House in Conowago town-  
ship.

We, the undersigned, citizens of Conowago  
township, where the above JEREMIAH JOHNS  
resides, and proposes to keep a tavern, do certify,  
that the said tavern is necessary to accommodate  
the public and entertain strangers and  
travelers; and that the aforesaid petitioner is  
of good repute for honesty and temperance,  
and is well provided with house room and other  
conveniences for the accommodation of  
strangers and travelers.

J. Busby, William Detrich, J. A. An-  
drea, Thomas N. Wyman, Jacob Harish,  
Charles Sader, Simon Harish, Solomon  
Schwartz, Samuel Schwartz, Emanuel D. Kel-  
ler, Jesse D. Keller, Thomas Lyle.

July 18.

St

**To the Public.**

THE Subscriber desires to call the attention  
of the Citizens of Adams County, to his  
extensive stock of

**Books, Stationery, Fancy Goods, Jewelry,**

**Porte Monnaies, Perfumery, Brushes,**

**Combs, &c.,—also, Boots, Shoes,**

**Hats and Caps,**

which for variety and cheapness, he desies all  
competition in this or any of the neighboring  
Counties. Call and see, at the South East  
Corner of Centre Square, June 6.]

KELLER KURTZ.

**Boots, Shoes, & Hats.**

THE undersigned has enlarged his Store  
room, and has added to his present business  
BOOTS, SHOES, & HATS, such as  
first-rate fine Medicin, Kosuth, Hungarian,  
Lodz Franklin, Stiff Brill, soft, and hard tops,  
(last style) Brush, Manila, Palms, &c., Bull,  
Calf, and Kid Boots, Black and Bronze top  
Montgomery, Goat and Calf Moccasin Shoes, all  
of which he has bought for cash, and will sell  
very cheap. I respectfully invite my friends and  
customers to examine my stock before  
purchasing.

MARCUS SAMSON.

May 9.

if

**Farmers, Look Here!**

CALL at KURTZ'S Cheap Corner for  
Giant Calves, mutton, & Bacon, Green-  
castle, Pa.

June 20.

**WINDOWS BLINDS.**—A new assort-  
ment of Window Blinds, imitation of Oil  
Blinds, just arrived at the well-known Store of

KELLER KURTZ.

Over 10,000 pieces in Store!

For Sale, Cheap.

1. A set of new French Curtains.

2. A set of new French Curtains.

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# THE ADAMS SENTINEL AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

Two Weeks Later from California.

New York, July 26.—The steamer Northern Light, from San Juan, arrived early this morning, bringing San Francisco dates of July 1st, five hundred passengers, and \$389,000 in gold. The Northern Light was struck by lightning on the 18th, near Cape San Antonio. Her mainmast was split, but none of her passengers were injured. Among her passengers is Patrick O'Donoghue, the Irish exile, who escaped from Van Dieman's Land.

At midnight on July 9th of Acremico, Dr. Carroll, a passenger in the Sierra Nevada, fell overboard and was drowned.

The steamer Oregon, which left San Francisco July 1st, took out \$1,650,000 in gold.

Reports from the mining districts were all favorable. The town of Rough and Ready had been nearly destroyed by fire, only fifteen buildings being left standing.

All the stores, but one, were consumed. The principal sufferers were Barnes & Co., Murtel and Dennis, Comstock's boarding house and shop, E. Bright & Co., Marshall & Owen, and Elderton. Loss about \$50,000.

Shasta City had been entirely destroyed, all the buildings left by the former fire having been consumed. Loss \$50,000.

From the San Francisco Herald, July 1.

**Awful Tragedy—Double Murder and Suicide.**

It becomes our duty to record one of the most horrible tragedies that ever occurred in any city. About half past two this morning, Joseph Stible was found with his throat cut from ear to ear, near the rear of the Marion House. The alarm was given, and on entering the frame house in the rear of the Marion, Henry E. Stible was discovered wailing in his blood, with a horrible gash reaching from the center of his forehead to the left ear; and Mrs. Stible, wife of Henry E. Stible, with her head split open, dead, and lying on the floor, which was literally swimming in blood. The husband was thought to be dying, but may possibly recover.

Joseph Stible and Henry E. Stible are brothers. At a quarter past 3, the former was still in his blood, but unable to articulate, on account of the wound in his throat.

We wrote on a slip of paper that his brother had threatened him; that he went to the house to kill him; struck him a blow, probably in the middle of the room, which aroused the wife who screamed for assistance; whereupon he killed her, to screen his crime, until he could deprive himself of existence. He then deliberately walked out of the house and cut his own throat.

The instant and the murderer were both in the hands of physicians, but it will be hardly possible for either to recover. The parties are Americans, from Baltimore. The brothers were smiths.

**Gigantic Steamers.**

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The personal safety of travellers will compel society to adopt, sooner or later, some punishment adequate to the malignity of this crime; one which, by its severity, will deter from the frequent commission of this base and cowardly act.

At present, a whole train of passengers is at the mercy of any malignant scoundrel who, from private motives of revenge against a railroad company, may seek to gratify his infernal spirit at a fearful sacrifice of life, and that of persons who are entirely innocent of any wrong towards the wretch who perpetrates the villainy.

Miss Handley, a young lady of 17 years, died on the 11th ultimo, in Hardin County, Ky., from the effects of corrosive sublimate, which she had taken to expel her menses.

The Approaching State Election.

The approaching State Election is in many respects a highly important one, and the work of organization, on the part of the Whigs, for an active canvass, cannot now be too soon entered upon. There are to be no less than four State Officers to be elected, a Canal Commissioner, Auditor General, Surveyor General, and Judge of the Supreme Court, besides a number of Senators, members of the State Legislature, and the usual County Officers. Our opponents are disunited and disorganized, and while it may be all true that the Whigs are called upon to organize under discouraging circumstances, it is equally true that our opponents are surrounded with difficulties which afford them no reasonable hope to carry the State as they did last fall. If the Whigs were but firmly resolved to carry the State this fall, and go to work at once, organizing their forces, and do what could be done to insure victory, we have not the remotest doubt that notwithstanding their inglorious defeat last fall, they would achieve a signal triumph. If they fail to be successful the fault will be their. They can succeed, if they but adopt the true course, and do their whole duty.

But to accomplish success, they can afford no longer to remain idle and inactive. It will not be an easy job. Wind work will fail to secure the victory. Talking at street corners, in bar-rooms, or gassing leave, will not carry the election. Neither will the running of candidates for glory or hub-combe enable us to effect the result, so much desired and so necessary. To secure success—and it can be secured—entire harmony, concert of action, friendly feeling must prevail, and the very best, most experienced, most popular and talented men, of the party, must be put forward as candidates.

Those already nominated are good men, and popular, and deserving of hearty support. Mr. Pownall, the candidate for Canal Commissioner, is an honest, upright, straight-forward, practical-minded business man, peculiarly qualified to institute those reforms which are so necessary in the management of our public works. Messrs. McClure and Myers, the other candidates, are also men of talent, and possess the confidence and respect of all that know them. An able jurist will no doubt be selected as the candidate for Judge by the Convention, which is to assemble at Huntington. No

should the nominations for the Legislature be less attention. The State and the Whig party require the highest order of talent that can be obtained in the next Legislature, and that talent should be seized upon, and, if necessary, forced into the canvass. There are many important questions, of vital interest to the welfare and prosperity of the State, which will occupy the attention of the next General Assembly, and, in our judgment, no good citizen has any right to refuse his services to the Common wealth, and we believe, no one will tell whom the matter is properly presented.

We learn that the Whig County Committee has appointed Mr. JOHN R. HENSEN, of New Oxford, delegate to the Whig State Convention, which is to meet at Huntington, on the 23d inst., for the purpose of placing in nomination a candidate for the Supreme Court.

We learn from the "Star," that the County Committee has directed that the PRIZE BANNER, which was ordered last fall should be finished and awarded to the Township entitled thereto, (Mountpleasant,) on the day of the meeting of the County Convention.

Round Tickets between Hanover and Baltimore, (good for 48 hours,) are now

furnished at \$2—a reduction of one-third from the regular fare. An extra train is

now also run every Monday morning from Hanover to Baltimore, to accommodate persons desirous of reaching the city at an early hour. It leaves Hanover at 4, A. M., and arrives in Baltimore at 8, A. M.

**Mail Change.**

We understand that the Postmaster

General has ordered the daily mail between this place and York, hitherto carried via Abbottstown, to be carried hereafter via Hanover and Oxford. This arrangement

leaves Abbottstown, Berlin, and other places,

without any direct communication with

this place, and must prove very inconvenient. Steps will no doubt be taken to have the matter remedied by these interested.

**Star.**

It will be seen by an article in our

paper to-day, that the generous, public-spirited JOHN PRICE WETHERILL, of Philadelphia, has been snatched by death from the midst of his active business life. No

man, it would appear, has been as much lamented as the deceased. He was at the

head of everything which had a tendency to benefit Philadelphia; and as a Whig, his

labor and purse were ever at the command

of his party. His funeral took place on

Wednesday afternoon, and was, says the

North American, the largest and most re-

spective, as well as most imposing, purely

civic demonstration of the kind, ever wit-

nessed in the city. It was, indeed, an im-

ense turn-out, fitting to do honor to the

memory of a citizen of rare merit, and up-

common worth. Two hundred and eighty-

two carriages were in line. The City Coun-

cils, District Commissioners, Masons, fire-

men, police, and different Societies, were in

attendance. He was buried with Masonic

honors. During the progress of the pro-

cession, the State House bell was tolled.

The Pennsylvania Inquirer says it is

probable that during the next session of the

Legislature the policy of disposing of the

public works of the State will be agitated

in the most earnest manner, and with a view

to a favorable result.

A promising youth named Samuel

Eckert, son of Mr. Andrew Eckert, of

Hanover, aged between 11 and 12 years,

was instantly killed on Saturday evening

week. He was riding a horse, when several

young boys began waving their handkerchiefs

and clapping their hands to make the horse

run. The animal took flight and ran away

at great speed, for some distance, when he

stumbled and precipitated the lad over his

head, and immediately fell upon him, crushing

him dreadfully, so that he died in a few

minutes.

A very serious accident occurred on

Thursday at the Parkersburg Tunnel, on

the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. As several

men were engaged in blasting rocks,

a premature explosion took place, by which

five of them were seriously injured.

The Humpback Railroad will approach

Wright's by a tunnel running under

gravel.

Two Weeks Later from California.

New York, July 26.—The steamer Northern Light, from San Juan, arrived early this morning, bringing San Francisco dates of July 1st, five hundred passengers, and \$389,000 in gold. The Northern Light was struck by lightning on the 18th, near Cape San Antonio. Her mainmast was split, but none of her passengers were injured. Among her passengers is Patrick O'Donoghue, the Irish exile, who escaped from Van Dieman's Land.

At midnight on July 9th of Acremico, Dr. Carroll, a passenger in the Sierra Nevada, fell overboard and was drowned.

The steamer Oregon, which left San Francisco July 1st, took out \$1,650,000 in gold.

Reports from the mining districts were all favorable. The town of Rough and Ready had been nearly destroyed by fire, only fifteen buildings being left standing.

All the stores, but one, were consumed. The principal sufferers were Barnes & Co., Murtel and Dennis, Comstock's boarding house and shop, E. Bright & Co., Marshall & Owen, and Elderton. Loss about \$50,000.

Shasta City had been entirely destroyed, all the buildings left by the former fire having been consumed. Loss \$50,000.

From the San Francisco Herald, July 1.

**Awful Tragedy—Double Murder and Suicide.**

It becomes our duty to record one of the most horrible tragedies that ever occurred in any city. About half past two this morning, Joseph Stible was found with his throat cut from ear to ear, near the rear of the Marion House. The alarm was given, and on entering the frame house in the rear of the Marion, Henry E. Stible was discovered wailing in his blood, with a horrible gash reaching from the center of his forehead to the left ear; and Mrs. Stible, wife of Henry E. Stible, with her head split open, dead, and lying on the floor, which was literally swimming in blood. The husband was thought to be dying, but may possibly recover.

Joseph Stible and Henry E. Stible are brothers. At a quarter past 3, the former was still in his blood, but unable to articulate, on account of the wound in his throat.

We wrote on a slip of paper that his brother had threatened him; that he went to the house to kill him; struck him a blow, probably in the middle of the room, which aroused the wife who screamed for assistance; whereupon he killed her, to screen his crime, until he could deprive himself of existence. He then deliberately walked out of the house and cut his own throat.

The instant and the murderer were both in the hands of physicians, but it will be hardly possible for either to recover. The parties are Americans, from Baltimore. The brothers were smiths.

**Gigantic Steamers.**

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The personal safety of travellers

# THE ADAMS SENTINEL AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

Russia and Turkey.

The developments in regard to the Turkish question give a more threatening aspect to affairs. Count Nesselrode has issued a new circular, more impudent than the last, denouncing that Russia occupies the Principalities because the French and English fleets are in Turkish waters, and hints out clearly that Russia will refuse all conciliation until the fleets are withdrawn. A willingness to evacuate the Principalities is, however, expressed when the demands of Russia are complied with.

An important despatch has been received from Amsterdam, stating that Baron Bruck, the Austrian Envoy at Constantinople, instead of being charged with a conciliatory mission, has made an imperative demand on the Porte for all the concessions previously refused to Leiningen's mission. This would seem to indicate collusion between Austria and Russia.

A despatch from Vienna announces that troops are about to be concentrated at Petersdorff for the protection of the frontier.

It is said that the Porte will publish a reply to the Emperor of Russia, setting forth all the injustices with which Turkey has been treated by Russia.

This note has partially opened the eyes of the European public, who see the necessity of bringing the matter to a close, Russia's object being merely to gain time to render her position impregnable. Although the possibility of war is scarcely admitted, public opinion begins to demand something decisive. The public are tired of being continually amused with despatches announcing a pacific tendency of affairs. The latest report is that France and England had forwarded a note to St. Petersburg proposing mutual concessions in order to end the dispute, to which an answer was expected about July 18th.

## A Prophecy.

A correspondent of the New York Express ventures to make the annexed prediction:

"The march of Constantinople will commence soon after the freezing of the Baltic, as a barrier of ice will then protect Russia's northern boundary and their navy in that quarter for several months. England and France with their navy will not be able to arrest the progress of 200,000 Russians, who will seize the Ottoman Empire. France will threaten Russia by land, but at this stage, Russia and Austria will take off their masks and face France. A revolution will break out at this time, and Napoleon will rise to his heels and go to America. Henry V will be enthroned King of France, and peace will be concluded. England will be allowed to continue her commerce in the Mediterranean, and the Baltic, if she keeps the peace; if not, the old continental system of Napoleon 1st, will be enforced by a grand alliance of Austria, Prussia, France, and England commerce restrained from their ports."

On the 1st of July the army of the U. States will land upon the Mexican frontier. The general cost of supporting this force is estimated at three millions of dollars, and as great and heavy as is the expenditure, the treaty stipulation to keep down the Indian aggressions is by no means complied with, and cannot be. The country is in great part uninhabited and uninhabitable. Where there is neither wood, water, nor soil, a permanent population cannot be sustained. The project of a railroad, without going forty miles into Mexican territory, a part of the way, is quite out of the question; and, even if this concession could be obtained, it is very doubtful if railroad can be kept up across such a desolate country.

We have no doubt that if Mexico would take back the whole of New Mexico it would be a great favor to this country. The territory is valueless, its protection is enormously expensive, and the only possible use that can be made of it is to furnish a pretext for another war with the unfortunate and crumbling Government which we have already despoiled of half its territory. God is very merciful, and the country, great and powerful, rich and prosperous, can bear a great deal; but the offended laws of our nation, as well as individuals, must take the consequences of their own guilt.

## [Proceedings Journal.]

**Horrible Affair at Clinton.**—The Decatur (Marion county, Illinois) Gazette of the 15th ult. has the following:—"The career of the slight-of-hand man, Herr Alexander, met with most terrible check at Clinton, Decatur county, last week. Had the parties been reversed and he the victim, we should have considered it but a small loss. The facts are, as we learn, briefly these. In playing off the hoax of the magic pistol, it proved to be loaded with balls, and the young man, George Smith, who was to stand up and catch a fictitious ball in his mouth, received the contents of the loaded pistol in his left side, and from the character of the wound and season of the year, the probability is that it will terminate his life, leaving a widowed mother, who was solely dependent on him, inconsolable."

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**Difference of Latitude.**—"It is now the 2d of June," says a Massachusetts paper, "and the apple trees are full of blossoms—the trees are white—the blossoms are full—A few such days as this will bring the corn full."

"It is now the third of June," says a letter from a Mississipi friend; "my early apples have been fit to cook some days—puddles are ripe and good. My corn is well filled. A few such days as this will make it fit to grind."

**Ben Duke.**—Ben Duke, an old colored man residing at Louisville, Kentucky, known as "Ben Duke," who is one hundred and eight years of age. He is in good health, is in full possession of all his faculties, and faithfully attends to his daily avocation of hauling sand from the mills to his customers throughout the city. Ben has had seven wives, and any number of children and grandchildren. His last wife died about a year ago, and it is reported that the old man has some notion of taking to himself another wife, at an early day.

**Drunken men, or men under the influence of liquor, are not allowed to travel in the cars on the New York city railroads.**

## Murder in the State Prison at Charles-town.

This morning, as the State Prison convicts were being marched out in single file from their cells to work in the yard, one of them suddenly drew a knife upon the second man before him, cutting his throat so that he died in very few minutes. The victim was a mulatto named William Adams, and the murderer was one James Wilson, the robber of the Charlestown Treasurer's office, about four years ago. The parties had for some time been on very bad terms with each other, and, as we learn, had a desperate fight in the prison yard, for which both were severely punished. A most singular feature of the case is the fact that the murderer's term of imprisonment was to have ended this day! but he had evidently deliberately resolved to wreak his vengeance on his enemy, and end his own life on the gallows, as such, he well knew, must ultimately be his fate. The instrument of death used was a common case knife, probably secreted from the prisoners' messroom, and sharpened for the purpose, so that one blow severed the jugular vein. Wilson is an Englishman, about 27 years old. He was convicted at Concord, and sentenced to the State Prison for four years and one day, entering the State Prison on the 18th July, 1849. Adams, his victim, was a native of Macon, Ga.; was committed at Cambridge for arson, and sentenced to seven years in the State Prison, which he entered Feb. 23, 1849. He was then a second comer to the institution, though only 21 years of age. —Boston Transcript.

**Rather an alarming discovery** was made on Wednesday morning, the N. Y. Courier says, at the foot of Eighty-ninth street, East river. A small row boat drifted ashore and presented a mysterious spectacle. Her interior and seats were extensively besmeared with blood, a quantity of blood lay in the bottom, a tin dipper there was partially filled with the same, a lady's parasol, also an umbrella lay trodden among the water and blood, and a pistol, cocked and charged to the muzzle, was found upon one of the seats. The boat showed every appearance of a fatal conflict having taken place on board. No information had been received up to last evening as to the ownership of the boat, or how she came in that flightful condition.

**Outlaws among the Mormons.**—The Detroit Advertiser publishes a letter from Beaver Isle, stating that the sheriff of Emery county, with a posse, who went to Pine river among the Mormons, to summon two men, who had been drawn as jurors, were fired upon as they were leaving in a boat, by about 40 armed men. The sheriff and posse were unarmed, and in an open boat, could do nothing. About a hundred shots were fired at them near the shore, and subsequently they were pursued by three boats for ten miles, and, being overtaken, the firing was kept up for five miles more. Six of the sheriff's party were wounded. No excuse was made for this assault except that they were determined to have no law at the River.

**Singular Mania.**—A Paris paper gives an account of a very wealthy and popular man of the Gironde, lately deceased, who, in his latter years, was afflicted with a strange fancy for knives, daggers, and swords of all sorts. He never saw one that he did not seek to obtain by foul means or fair. In the course of six months he had plucked from his neighbors all their table knives, and every sort of dagger he could lay his hands upon. But they, knowing his fancy, winked at it. After his death, in his office, the key of which he had alone kept, there were found two thousand knives, swords, daggers, &c., all neatly arranged, with labels attached, on which was indicated the place and name of the owner, and the day on which it was stolen. —Richmond Mail.

**The Last Proposition.**—A gentleman in Iowa proposes to keep cities free from thunder storms "for so much per year." To most people, this offer will be looked upon as preposterous, and yet it is not. We have no doubt whatever that an outlay of \$10,000 would keep New York as insulated as a glass table with sealing wax legs. What a commentary on the free use of ardent spirits! In six years, a whole family of respectable people were reduced from affluence to the deepest depths of degradation. And yet how many cases of a similar nature are to be met every day.

**Railroad Accident—Man Killed.**—Yesterday morning, as conductor Rockwell, in charge of freight train bound East, was nearing Glover Gap Tunnel, he bid the engineer, Wm. Wellington, to spring his whistle, as usual. The Watchman whose business it was to walk down the deep cuts and through the tunnel to see if all was right, especially when the train was due, suddenly ran out of his box, with his lamp in hand, upon the track, and before the engine could be reversed was crushed to death. He had, doubtless, been asleep, and being awaked in a fright was so bewildered that he knew not where he was, nor what he was doing. —Hawking Times of Saturday.

**A Human Candle.**—The Chinese Repository tells a very singular story of the punishment inflicted on a Chinese criminal.

His offence, it seems, was irreparable, and it was determined to make an example of him. Consequently, he was wound round with cotton, saturated in tallow, and having been dipped until he presented the appearance of a gigantic candle, was stuck up on his father's grave, and lighted. Of course, the poor fellow perished in slow torture.

—The absence or presence of jewelry in personal apparel, must be a very poor criterion from which to judge of moral or intellectual qualities. In either case, the judgment is based on merely external appearances, which experience proves, are not very reliable.—New York Journal of Commerce.

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**Drunken men, or men under the influence of liquor, are not allowed to travel in the cars on the New York city railroads.**

## Soldiers of the War of 1812.

We have received the proceedings of a public meeting of the Soldiers of the War of 1812, held in Philadelphia on the 15th ult., over which Capt. J. H. Fisher presided, and which was addressed by Judge Sutherland. The resolutions adopted are as follows, and as there were many soldiers of that War in this County, we invite the attention of the survivors to the recommendations which they contain:—

**Resolved,** That we learn with much pleasure that the Convention of officers and soldiers of the war of 1812, which assembled at New York on the 4th of July, have resolved to participate in the National Convention, to be held in Philadelphia, on the 8th day of January, 1854.

**Resolved,** That from the pledges already received from other States, it is the opinion of this meeting that the Convention of the 8th of January next will be one of the largest and most respectable ever held in this city.

**Resolved,** That with a view to ascertain the whole number of persons in Pennsylvania, who served in the war of 1812, it is recommended that meetings be held for that purpose in the several counties of the State, during the session of their Courts, prior to the 8th of January next, and that delegates be elected at said meetings, to represent them in the National Convention.

**Resolved,** That it is important that every soldier who served in the war of 1812, in any of the States of the Union, should obtain from his captain or other surviving officer, a certificate of his service, in order that his or her heirs may be in possession of satisfactory proof of his identity.

**Resolved,** That those who served on ship-board, and the sons of those who served on land or sea, as well as those who were imprisoned at Tripoli, be entitled to seats in the National Convention, and that they also be requested to obtain certificates of identity.

**Resolved,** That we adjourn to meet in this place on the evening of the 10th of September next, the anniversary of Perry's victory.

**Strategic Initiation.**

Some ten years ago, there resided in this State, a gentleman, his wife, and two interesting daughters, who were as much respected as any family in it. Blessed with a competency of earthly goods, and surrounded by hosts of friends, their happiness seemed as near perfect as human beings could expect to enjoy. Six years since this family left here for the South, where the husband and father took to drinking, and in two years after became a bankrupt and a son. Next, the wife and mother became a drunkard, and now we understand the two girls are inmates of a low brothel, in a city on the Mississippi river. What a commentary on the free use of ardent spirits! In six years, a whole family of respectable people were reduced from affluence to the deepest depths of degradation. And yet how many cases of a similar nature are to be met every day.

**By order of the County Committee.**

R. G. MCREADY, Chairman.

Aug. 1.

**Teachers Wanted.**

**THE School Directors of Franklin Township** will meet at the Public House of Moses Smith, in Cashton, on Saturday the 20th day of August, at 1 o'clock, P. M., to receive proposals from Teachers for taking charge of the different Schools in said Township.

**ARMSTRONG TAUGHILLBAUGH,** July 23.

Secretary.

June 20.

**TEACHERS WANTED.**

**THE School Directors of Strahan Township** will meet at the public house of Jacob L. Grass, in Hunterstown, on Saturday the 20th of August next, at 1 o'clock, P. M., to receive proposals from Teachers for taking charge of the different Schools in said Township.

**ARMSTRONG TAUGHILLBAUGH,** July 23.

Secretary.

June 20.

**NOTICE.**

**THE Whig voters of Adams County** are requested to assemble at the places of holding their township elections, in their respective boroughs and townships, on Saturday the 27th day of August, between the hours of 9 and 6 o'clock, P. M., to select delegates to represent each borough and township, in a COUNTY CONVENTION, which is hereby called to assemble at the Court-house, in Gettysburg, on Monday the 29th day of August, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to nominate and present Candidates to be supported at the approaching Election, for the several offices to be filled at the Election: to appoint School Directors, and to attend to such other duties as the interests of the party may require.

By a resolution adopted by the last County Convention, it is made the duty of the Committee, in announcing calls for future County Conventions, to include in such calls a provision, that all votes on the nomination of candidates be taken *en bloc*.

**By order of the County Committee.**

R. G. MCREADY, Chairman.

Aug. 1.

**NOTICE.**

**THE Estate of George J. Hartzell, deceased.**

**LETTERS** of Administration on the Estate of **GEORGE J. HARTZELL**, late of Butler township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscribers, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said Estate to call and make payment: and all those having claims are requested to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

**L. E. HARTZELL,** Butler township, Adams county.

**E. HARTZELL,** Fayetteville, Franklin county.

Aug. 1.

**NOTICE.**

**THE Estate of James X. McGaughy, deceased.**

**LETTERS** of Administration on the Estate of **JAMES X. McGAUGHEY**, late of Hamilton township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in Mountjoy township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said Estate to call and settle, and those having claims are requested to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

**L. E. HARTZELL,** Butler township, Adams county.

**E. HARTZELL,** Fayetteville, Franklin county.

Aug. 1.

**NOTICE.**

**THE Estate of Frederick L. Smith, deceased.**

**LETTERS** of Administration on the Estate of **FREDERICK L. SMITH**, late of Cumberlin township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in Mountjoy township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said Estate to call and pay up, and those having claims are requested to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

**ALEX. COBEAN, Adm'r.**

Aug. 1.

**NOTICE.**

**THE Estate of George J. Hartzell, deceased.**

**LETTERS** of Administration on the Estate of **GEOR**

# THE ADAMS SENTINEL AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

Two Weeks Later from California.

New York, July 25.—The steamer Northern Light, from San Juan, arrived early this morning, bringing San Francisco dated of July 1st, five hundred passengers, and \$38,000 in gold. The Northern Light was struck by lightning on the 19th, near Cape San Antonio. Her mainmast was split, but none of her passengers were injured. Among her passengers is Patrick O'Donohue, the Irish exile, who escaped from Van Dieman's Land.

At midnight on July 9th, off Acapulco, Dr. Carroll, a passenger in the Sierra Nevada, fell overboard and was drowned.

The steamer Oregon, which left San Francisco July 1st, took out \$1,650,000 in gold.

Reports from the mining districts were all favorable. The town of Rough and Ready had been nearly destroyed by fire, only fifteen buildings being left standing. All the stores but one were consumed. The principal sufferers were Barnes & Co., Martel and Dennis, Comstock's boarding-house and shop, E. Bright & Co., J. Mitchell & Owen, and Elderton. Loss about \$50,000.

Shasta City had been entirely destroyed, all the buildings left by the former fire having been consumed. Loss \$500,000.

From the San Francisco Herald, July 1.

**Awful Tragedy—Double Murder and Suicide.**

It becomes our duty to record one of the most horrible tragedies that ever occurred in any city. About half-past two this morning, Joseph Stible was found with his throat cut from ear to ear, near the rear of the Marion House. The alarm was given, and on entering the fauna house in the rear of the Marion, Henry E. Stible was discovered writhing in his blood, with a horrible gash reaching from the centre of his forehead to the left ear; and Mrs. Stible, wife of Henry E. Stible, with her head split open, dead, and lying on the floor, which was literally swimming in blood. The husband was thought to be dying, but may possibly recover.

Joseph Stible and Henry E. Stible are brothers. At a quarter past 3, the former was still in his senses, but unable to articulate, on account of the wound in his throat. He wrote on a slip of paper that his brother had ill-treated him; that he went to the house to kill him; struck him a blow, (probably with an axe, as one was found on the floor, in the middle of the room,) which aroused the wife who screamed for assistance; whereupon he killed her, to screen his crime, until he could deprive himself of existence. He then deliberately walked out of the house and cut his own throat. The husband and the murderer were both in the hands of physicians, but it will be hardly possible for either to recover. The parties are Americans, from Baltimore. The brothers were tinsmiths.

**Gigantic Steamers.**  
We published yesterday, among our items of foreign news, an announcement that a contract had been made in England for the construction of a mammoth steamer of upwards of six hundred feet in length, and measuring 12,000 tons. The idea of monster-ship like this is not original with John Bull. Mr. Burden, of Troy, in this State, a man of wealth and a man of original genius, some years ago suggested the construction of a steamer 700 feet in length, and of corresponding depth and width, to run to Europe. Mr. Burden's idea was, that it is practicable to construct a steamer which would go across the Atlantic with as little motion as our Brooklyn ferry steamers run to our sister city. He proposed that his steamer should draw seventy-five feet of water, and her top be on hundred feet above the water line. The maximum height of the waves of the ocean, from the bottom of the sea-trough to the crest of the wave, is estimated not to exceed thirty-five feet; hence Mr. Burden concluded that a vessel of seventy-five feet draught would always run on a nearly even keel. There are but few ports where such a vessel could enter. On our coast Newport offers the greatest facilities of a good harbor, with ease of access and abundance of water, and here Mr. Burden proposed to establish the head-quarters of his ship. No steps were ever taken to carry out the majestic idea of our countryman, and it is now broached on the other side of the Atlantic, and measures were taken to secure its realization.

The proposed British ship is to be propelled by two sets of side wheels and a screw at the stern, having, we presume, three independent engines and sets of machinery. The experiment of running a steamer of such gigantic proportions will be watched with extreme interest, and if successful, will mark a new era in navigation. If such a moving world can be securely and rapidly propelled over the ocean with little or no more motion than is experienced by our steam ferry boats, all the world will take to sea-travelling, and directly we shall have our own wealthy citizens establishing their summer residences on the shores of the Baltic instead of at Staten or Long Island. And not only on the Baltic will the villas and country-seats of our citizens arise, but doubtless at Spitzbergen, Archangel, and other cooling retreats in those latitudes. How long shall it be before we chronicle the laying of a steamer's keel in New York one thousand feet in length?—*Tribune.*

**John Price Wetherill Dead.**  
It is our painful duty to announce the death of John Price Wetherill, Esq., one of our most esteemed and honored citizens. He died at the United States Hotel, in Philadelphia, at two o'clock last Sunday morning, after a brief but very severe illness, in the 59th year of his age.

In the death of Mr. Wetherill our community has lost a citizen whose place it will be found difficult to supply. He was emphatically one of God's noblest works—an honest man, who was not only upright and just in all his dealings, but who had a generous and noble heart, and to whom an appeal for aid to further any benevolent movement, and relieve the wants and sufferings of his fellow-men, was never made in vain.

Possessed of a large share of this world's goods, he was ever ready to contribute with enlarged liberality to any enterprise calculated to promote the prosperity of Philadelphia, and to improve and elevate the condition of its citizens. There are but few in our midst whose death would be so much felt and so universally lamented as will his.

In all the relations of life, whether as a man of science, a manufacturer, business man, a public officer, or private citizen, Mr. Wetherill occupied a high position wherever he was known, and had the confidence, respect, and good will of his fellow-citizens to an extent which falls to the lot of but few men. Social in his disposition, democratic in his feelings and sentiments, and ever ready to unite in any movement having, in his opinion, the public good in view, whether of a business character or otherwise, he mingled constantly with all classes of his fellow men, and by his kindness of heart and liberal spirit made himself a deserved favorite with the masses. Though for many years one of the most active, liberal, and influential members of the Whig party of Philadelphia, no other motive than that of the public good prompted his course. He sought no office from the Government, and there was probably none in the gift of any administration which he would have accepted. He was only influenced by a conviction that the principles of the Whig party are the true principles of our Government, and that upon them depend the welfare and prosperity of our country. Hence he never sought office, nor ever held any posts other than those of honor. In 1818 he was a member of the Electoral College which cast the vote of Pennsylvania for Zachary Taylor and Millard Fillmore.—*Philadelphia Daily News.*

**Imported Stock.**—The imported stock which arrived at Philadelphia from Liverpool, a few days ago, consists of fifty head of Durham cattle, thirty-two sheep, a caged Cleveland bay horse, and a Neapolitan sow, with a fine litter of pigs. A portion of this fine stock, (which has been selected from the most celebrated breeds in England,) is the property of R. Atchison Alexander, one of the most wealthy young men in Kentucky, and the remainder belongs to a company of furriers, in the counties of Fayette, Bourbon and Woodford, in that State. The expense attending their introduction, it is said, will be over fifty thousand dollars, as they have been purchased without regard to expense, as may be inferred from the fact of a bull and heifer having cost five hundred and twenty-five dollars, or twenty-six hundred and twenty-five dollars.

**Railroad Obstructions.**—A scoundrel was caught rolling a sleeper across the track of the Harlem Railroad, and driving down stakes to fasten it, just before the express train came along. The watchman of the company arrested him, and he is now in jail, to receive the desert of his diabolical intentions, as manifested in his criminal act. The scoundrel ought never be allowed to go at liberty again during his life. The personal safety of travellers will compel society to adopt, sooner or later, some punishment adequate to the malignity of this crime; one which, by its severity, will deter from the frequent commission of this base and cowardly act.

At present, a whole train of passengers in the course of any malignant scoundrel who, from private motives of revenge against a railroad company, may seek to gratify his infernal spirit at a fearful sacrifice of life, and that, too, of persons who are entirely innocent of any wrong towards the wretch who perpetrates the villainy.

**Miss Handley, a young lady of 17 years, died on the 11th ultimo, in Hardin county, Ky., from the effects of corrosive sublimate, which she had mistake for opium salts.**

The Approaching State Election.

The approaching State Election is in many respects a highly important one, and the work of organization, on the part of the Whigs, for an active canvass, cannot now be soon entered upon. There are to be no less than four State Officers to be elected, a Canal Commissioner, Auditor General, Surveyor General, and Judge of the Supreme Court, besides a number of Senators, members of the State Legislature, and the usual County Officers. Our opponents are distracted and disorganized, and while it may be all true that the Whigs are called upon to organize under discouraging circumstances, it is equally true that our opponents are surrounded with difficulties which afford them no reasonable hope to carry the State as they did last fall. If the Whigs were but firmly resolved to carry the State this fall, and go to work at once, organize their forces, and do what could be done to ensure success, we have not the remotest doubt that notwithstanding their inglorious defeat last fall, they would achieve a signal triumph. If they fail to be successful the fault will be theirs. They can succeed, if they adopt the true course, and do their whole duty.

But to accomplish success, they can afford no longer to remain idle and inactive. It will not be an easy job. Wind work will fail to secure the victory. Talking at street corners, in bar-rooms, or gassing generally will not carry the election. Neither will the running of candidates for glory or buncome enable us to effect the result, so much desired and so necessary. To secure success—and can be secured—entire harmony, concert of action, friendly feeling must prevail, and the very best, most experienced, most popular and talented men, of the party, must be put forward as candidates. Those already nominated are good men, able and popular, and deserving of hearty support. Mr. Pownall, the candidate for Canal Commissioner, is an honest, upright, straight-forward, practical-minded, business man, peculiarly qualified to institute those reforms which are so necessary in the management of our public works. Messrs. McClure and Myers, the other candidates, are also men of talent, and possess the confidence and respect of all that know them. An able jurist will no doubt be selected as the candidate for Judge by the Convention which is to assemble at Huntington. Nor should the nominations for the Legislature have less attention. The State and the Whig party require the highest order of talent that can be obtained in the next Legislature, and that talent should be seized upon, and, if necessary, forced into the canvass. There are many important questions, of vital interest to the welfare and prosperity of the State, which will occupy the attention of the next General Assembly, and, in our judgment, no good citizen has any right to refuse his services to the Commonwealth, and, we believe, no one will to whom the matter is properly presented.—With such a feeling pervading our ranks throughout the State, and with candidates such as we have spoken of, victory can be achieved. But, without these indispensable pre-requisites, defeat is equally sure.—Let our friends bear these facts in mind.—*Daily News.*

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THE ADAMS SENTINEL.

GETTYSBURG:

Monday, August 1, 1853.

WHIG STATE TICKET.

For Canal Commissioner,

MOSES POWNALL, of Lancaster.

For Auditor General,

A. K. MCCLURE, of Franklin.

For Surveyor General,

CHRISTIAN MEYERS, Clarion.

—We are authorized to announce, that

HENRY SPALDING, Esq., of Germantown, is a candidate for the Legislature, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention.

—We are authorized to announce, that

COL. JAMES L. NEARY, of Straban, is a candidate for the Legislature, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention.

—We are authorized to announce, that

JON C. ELIAS, Esq., of New Oxford, is a candidate for the Legislature, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention.

—We are authorized to announce, that

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## NEW GOODS.

**FAHNSTOCK & SONS**

HAVE just returned from the Cities with one of the largest and most desirable stock of

**FOREIGN & DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,**

ever offered to the public. Having selected them with care, we feel assured that we can offer to those who favor us with their patronage, a choice and desirable assortment, both as regards style, quality, or price, as has ever been brought to this market. Having purchased most of our goods from the manufacturers, we are determined to sell at astonishingly low prices, believing that the old motto, relating to small profits and quick sales, is true to the latter. Knowing that our stock will compare favorably with that of the other dealers, we invite the attention of our customers to the advantages of purchasing from us, as many goods can be secured by giving us an early call. Our extensive assortment, consisting of

**DRY GOODS,**

Groceries, Quaintware, and Hardware, of every variety, and at prices to suit purchasers, should be examined before purchasing elsewhere. We do not need to enumerate articles, as our stock comprises every article in our line. Call early and select from the new stock at this side of the **RED FRONT**, FAHNSTOCK & SONS.

April 4.

**Spring and Summer Clothing.**

THE subscriber respectfully begs leave to inform his Customers and the public generally, that he has just returned from the Cities of Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, with one of the largest, cheapest and best selected stock of **READY-MADE CLOTHING**, imported into this country, and is determined to sell them at prices that cannot fail to give entire satisfaction to all who favor him with a call. You can rely on it, that my stock of Spring and Summer Clothing was bought at the right time, at the right place, and at right prices. — MARCUS SAMSON.

April 18.

## NEW GOODS.

THE subscriber has just opened a fresh supply of **SEASONABLE GOODS**, comprising a general assortment of

**Staple and Fancy Dry Goods**,

to which the early and particular attention of persons wanting cheap goods, again respectively invited. — D. MIDDLECOFF.

April 20.

Every day brings something new. To get the prof, call on the **LEW**.

**A. M. ARNOLD**, has just returned from the eastern cities with the largest, most varied, and splendid stock of

**SPRING & SUMMER GOODS**,

ever offered to the public, consisting in part of Cloth, Cassimeres, Tweeds, Ry. Jeans, Cashmerets, Berries, Berce de Laines, Prints, Bonnets, Bonnet-Ribbons, and every article usually kept in a Dry Goods store.

Also, Gentlemen's Fancy Stocks, with Springs, all of which he has purchased for cash, and is ready and willing to dispose of at cheap and more reasonable terms than the same can be had anywhere else in the country. Come in, and you'll be sure to have your longing eyes, in great admiration. And never shall you the day repeat, when at store your dimes you spent, to purchase articles why cost the least, is always plain down the scale.

March 29.

**FRESH ARRIVAL.**  
One of the Largest and Prettiest Stocks of **FANCY & STAPLE GOODS** ever offered in this place!

April 25.

## NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

**W. M. FRAZER**

RESPECTFULLY informs the public, that he has taken the stand recently occupied by his brother (Alexander Frazer), in Chambersburg street, opposite the Lutheran Church, where he is prepared to REPAIR and CLEAN

Clocks, Watches, &c., on reasonable terms, and work will be insured.

Also, on hand a variety of WATCHES, JEWELRY, SPECTACLES, &c., which will be sold low.

Gettysburg, May 9.

**FITS! FITS! FITS!**

THE VEGETABLE EXTRACT

**EPILLETIC PILLS,**

For the cure of **Fits, Spasms, Cramps, and all Nervous and Constitutional Diseases**.

PERSONS WHO ARE LABORING UNDER this distressing malady, will find the **VEGETABLE EPILLETIC PILLS** to be the only remedy ever discovered for curing Epilepsy, or Falling Fits.

These pills possess a specific action on the Nervous system; and, although they are prepared especially for the purpose of curing Fits, they will be found of especial benefit for all persons afflicted with weak nerves, or whose nervous system has been prostrated or shattered from any cause whatever. In chronic complaints, or diseases of long standing, as periodized by nervousness, they are exceedingly beneficial.

Price \$5 per box, or two boxes for \$3. Persons need not to send for a remittance.

Send for a sample, and we will pay the postage. For sale by **SETH'S RANCH**, No. 108 BALTIMORE STREET, Baltimore.

At this side of the **RED FRONT**, FAHNSTOCK & SONS.

April 4.

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One of the Largest and Prettiest Stocks of **FANCY & STAPLE GOODS** ever offered in this place!

April 25.

**Look Out!**

THE subscriber hereby gives notice to those

who have promised him a **WOOD** on account, that he is in want of it, and that unless it is delivered forthwith, without further notice, the account will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection, and the money required.

— T. WARREN.

Dec. 27.

**NOTICE.**

ALL persons knowing themselves indebted

to the Citizens of Adams County, to his

extensive stock of

**Books, Stationery, Fancy Goods, Jewelry,**

**Porte Monnaies, Perfumery, Brushes,**

**Combs, &c., also, Hobs, Shoes,**

**Hats and Cops,**

which for variety and cheapness, he desires all

competition in this or any of the neighboring Counties. — Call and see at the South East Corner of Centre Square, KELLER KURTZ.

John Scott, Sheriff.

July 4, 1857.

**To the Public.**

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July 17.

**AN APP ENTICE**

TO THE COACH-SMITHING Business is

wanted by the subscriber. One coming

well recommended, may obtain a good situation

by making application to

HAMERSLY & FREY.

Gettysburg, April 18.

**An Apprentice Wanted.**

AN APPRENTICE to the Tailoring Busi-

ness will be taken by the undersigned, if

application will be made immediately. The

apprentice must be of good, steady habits, and

will come well recommended, from the country preferred.

— J. H. SKELLY.

April 11.

**QUEENSWARE**, in all its varieties, and

styles, cheap at KURTZ'S Corner.

CLINTON, QUEENSWARE, of every de-

scription, color and size, which is still

sell low. Call and see them at KURTZ'S

Corner.

SATINET, VELVET, and a great variety

of Plain Goods for Men and Boys, at the

cheap Corner of KURTZ'S.

GROCERIES, of all kinds and fresh, to be

had as low as the market affords, at

KURTZ'S Cheap Corner.

BOTT VESTS, a splendid lot in Bulk

Vests just received, and for sale cheap at

SAMSON'S.

PAKINSON & FANS, a variety that must

please, will be found at SCHICK'S.

WANTED, Customers to purchase a size

W. lot of Black French Linen, Cash-

mere Pante, Fancy Cassimeres of every de-

scription, Cassimere Pante of any shade, and

quality, together with any amount of Val-

entines, Linens, Cottons, &c., at the one price

of SAMSON.

GENTLEMEN are invited to call and see a

beautiful BEAVER HAT, also Silk,

Cotton, Knit, Crape, Broad, and Panama

Hats for summer. — KELLER KURTZ.

OLAND TREVOR, the Pilot of Ho-

peh, has just returned from the Lakes and

seas, and is ready to make another.

He will be at KELLER KURTZ'S

Shop at KELLER KURTZ'S.

GERMAN REFORMED HYMN BOOKS

— The latest and most fashion able

style of Luthers, Hymn Books

bound in every style of binding, just

received at the cheap Bookstore of

KELLER KURTZ'S.

ELTHAM HYMN BOOKS — A very

large assortment of Luthers, Hymn Books

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